For comments, corrections, etc...Please contact Ahnaf Abbas: <u>ahnaf@mathyards.com</u> Sharj ah Institute of Technology

معهد الشارقة للتكنولوجيا SHARJAH INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

## **Error Arithmetic**

## Handout #1

Торіс	Interpretation
Given any mathematical expression, it follows that if the variables have error, then the result will have an associated error, as well. This passing of error from variables to the result is termed <i>error propogation</i> . It is possible for computations to magnify this error, however, the amount the error is maginfied depends on the operation:	Example 1 suppose the two values 3.55 and 3.54 represent numbers in the ranges 3.545 to 3.555 and 3.535 to 3.545, respectively. If we calculate 3.55 - 3.54 = 0.01, the actual value could be anywhere in the range 0 to 0.02. Thus while we are reporting that the difference is positive, the actual difference may be zero (or, if the error widths were slightly larger, the difference may be negative).
Precision and accuracy	Example 2
Two words we will be using to describe how good a measurement or	What are the absolute and relative errors of the approximation 3.14 to the value $\pi$ ?
approximation is to an actual value are <i>precision</i> and <i>accuracy</i> .	$\begin{split} E_{abs} &=  3.14 - \pi  \approx 0.0016 \\ E_{rel} &=  3.14 - \pi  /  \pi  \approx 0.00051 \end{split}$
Absolute and Relative errors	Example 3
There are two techniques for measuring error: the absolute error of an approximation and the relative error of the approximation. The first gives how large the error is, while the second gives how large the error is relative to the correct value.	A resistor labeled as 240 $\Omega$ is actually 243.32753 $\Omega$ . What are the absolute and relative errors of the labeled value? $E_{abs} =  240 - 243.32753  \approx 3.3 \ \Omega$ $E_{rel} =  240 - 243.32753  /  243.32753  \approx 0.014$ Note: the label is the approximation of the actual value.
Calculating Absolute Error	Example 4
Given an approximation $a$ of a value $x$ , the absolute error $E_{abs}$ is calculated using the formula:	The voltage in a high-voltage transmission line is stated to be 2.4 MV while the actual voltage may range from 2.1 MV to 2.7 MV. What is the maximum absolute and relative error of voltage?
$E_{abs} =  \mathbf{x} - \mathbf{a} $	$E_{abs} =  2.4 - 2.1  = 0.3 \text{ MV}$
Calculating Relative Error	$E_{rel} =  2.4 - 2.1 / 2.1  \approx 0.14$
Given an approximation $a$ of a value $x$ , the relative error $E_{rel}$ is calculated using the formula:	$ \begin{array}{l} E_{abs} =  2.4 - 2.7  = 0.3 \ MV \\ E_{rel} =  2.4 - 2.7  /  2.7  \approx 0.11 \\ Thus, the maximum absolute error is 0.3 \ MV \ but \\ the maximum relative error is 0.14. Note: as before, \end{array} $
$E_{rel} = \frac{ x-a }{ x }$	the stated voltage is an approximation of the actual voltage.

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Significant figures	Example 5
Given a relative error $E_{rel}$ , find the largest integer <i>n</i> such that	What is the number of significant digits of the approximation 3.14 to the value $\pi$ ?
the largest integer <i>n</i> such that $E_{rel} < 0.5 \ 10^{-n}$ . If the relative error is greater than 0.5, state that the approximation does not have any significant digits. In general, the number of significant digits between a number and its approximation are equal to the number of leading digits which are equal, though this is only a rule of thumb, and if the most significant digit is 1 or 2, it is most useful to ignore it when counting the number of significant digits.	$Π?$ $E_{rel} =  3.14 - π / π  ≈ 0.00051 ≤ 0.005 = 0.5 · 10-2, and therefore it is correct to two significant digits. This example demonstrates a weakness in the concept of significant digits: in this example, it would be almost better to say that 3.14 approximates π to almost or approximately three significant digits. Example 6 What is the number of significant digits of the label 240 Ω when the correct value is 243.32753 Ω? E_{rel} =  240 - 243.32753 / 243.32753  ≈ 0.014 ≤ 0.05 = 0.5 · 10-1, and therefore it is correct to one significant digit. Example 7 To how many significant digits is the approximation 1.998532 when the actual value is 2.001959? E_{rel} =  1.998532 - 2.001959 / 2.001959  ≈ 0.0017 ≤ 0.005 = 0.5 · 10-2 and therefore it is correct to two digits.$